

# The Daily State Chronicle.

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## THE NATIONAL CONGRESS.

### THE ELECTION OF SENATORS BY THE PEOPLE.

Mr. Mitchell Denounces Secret Sessions -- They are Not in Harmony With the Spirit of the Age.

(By United Press.)

WASHINGTON, April 22.—(Senate)—The Senate passed the most of the day in discussing the District of Columbia appropriation bill.

Mr. Mitchell made a long speech in favor of his proposed constitutional amendment for the election of Senators by the people.

During the course of his speech he declared that the secrecy of executive sessions was no longer in harmony with the spirit of the age. Public opinion would at no distant day break down and destroy the doors of secret executive sessions. Such sessions were a relic of monarchy and should find no recognition in a republic.

The Senate then took up the District of Columbia appropriation bill, which was discussed and passed, and the Senate at 3:52 p. m. adjourned.

### Poetry in the House.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—The House today concurred in the Senate amendments to the world's fair bill, and spent the rest of the day in discussing the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill.

Mr. Dockery, of Missouri, criticised the increase in the number of government employees, which in many instances should not have been made at this time. He believed that if there was new blood in the departments, fifteen hundred clerks could be discharged at a saving of \$1,500,000.

Mr. Allen, of Mississippi, quoted from a speech delivered by Mr. Cannon, declaring that the republican party was devoted to the country and would administer the government with greater economy. Since the 4th of March, 1889, it had been impossible for Mr. Allen to keep up with his republican friends when he met them on the street, in their wild rush to the department to get offices and show their devotion to the country.

Mr. Allen told a story to illustrate the republicans of the administration. Upon meeting a republican and asking him what he thought of it, the reply was: "Wanny runs a Sunday-school, Levi runs the bar, Baby runs the White House, and, damn it, here we are."

### LAST VICTIM OF THE LOUISVILLE CYCLONE.

He Lost Two Thousand Dollars by a Few Seconds.

(By United Press.)

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 22.—The seventy-fourth, and very probably the last, victim of the cyclone, was added to the list at 2:30 o'clock this morning. At that hour William Goode died at the city hospital. Goode was in the jewel lodge room of the Falls City hall when that structure fell. He was one among several who were to have been initiated that night. A delay of a few seconds would have made him a member of the Knights of Honor, and have entitled him to a life insurance of \$2,000.

### The Irish Land Purchase Bill.

(By United Press.)

DUBLIN, April 22.—The Freeman's Journal, commenting on the proceedings in the House of Commons, yesterday, with regard to the Irish land purchase bill, says it is certainly curious to find Mr. Parnell proposing a scheme whereby landlordism may be retained in Ireland.

The Dublin Express says that coming from such a quarter, Mr. Parnell's proposal is a most remarkable one, and asserts that it is the equivalent of the principle for which the landlords vainly contended before the passage of the land act of 1881.

### License for Fish Bait.

(By United Press.)

HALIFAX, N. S., April 22.—U. S. Consul-General Fry yesterday was informed by the Hon. Robert Bond, Colonial Secretary of Newfoundland, that the government will allow all foreign vessels to take out licenses good for three weeks from date for the purchase of bait in Newfoundland for the ensuing fishing season on payment of a fee of \$1. per ton.

### A Naval Contract Withdrawn.

(By United Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 22.—The House committee on naval affairs today ordered a favorable report on the bills refunding the penalties exacted from the Columbia iron works, of Baltimore, for failure to finish the gunboat Petrel, and from the Union iron works, of San Francisco, for failure to finish the cruiser Charleston within the contract time.

### Rioting Workmen.

(By United Press.)

CHICAGO, April 22.—A conflict occurred this morning between union and non-union carpenters. One policeman was injured. The non-union carpenters are working under police protection.

### Weather Report.

Forecast for Virginia, fair, followed by showers Wednesday night, warmer; southerly winds.

For North Carolina, showers, followed by fair weather in eastern portion; stationary temperature, southerly winds.

Raleigh yesterday: Maximum temperature 76; minimum temperature 48; rainfall 0.00 inches.

Local forecast for Raleigh and vicinity for to-day: Fair weather, becoming threatening this evening without rain, slightly warmer.

## THE R. & G. ROAD WILL PAY.

Elsewhere in to-day's CHRONICLE will be found the particulars of the compromise made by the Investigating Committee and the R. & G. R. Company. By the compromise the State will receive \$15,000, and the road will pay all the costs in the suit now pending against the road. This compromise did not secure all that the committee desired, but it is a substantial victory for the people, and secures about as much money as it was believed could be recovered in the courts. The railroad, up to this time, has never been willing to pay a single cent, and has contended that it was not liable. The committee brought out sufficient evidence to prove that for three years the Raleigh & Gaston railroad has earned a dividend exceeding 8 per cent., and was therefore liable for taxation. When this had been established, and published in the CHRONICLE (no other paper has published it), the railroad became willing to compromise, and the committee accepted the proposition made.

Upon its face, there is no agreement by which the R. & G. road will pay taxes in the future. But that is not necessary. By the payment of this tax, which is a virtual admission of all that the committee and the tax payers claim, the road makes itself liable for taxation in the future, and there is no way in which it can evade future payments of tax. The best lawyers say that whenever the tax is paid once, it is collectable henceforth.

The CHRONICLE is glad that an arrangement that is measurably satisfactory to the people and to the railroads has been made. We dislike to be forced to criticize the railroads for dereliction of duty. We trust that in the future the R. & G. road will pay its just taxes without friction and we can have an end to complaint. The truth is that when the W. & W. road surrendered its exemptions, which were much more unassailable than the Raleigh & Gaston claim, there was no chance for the R. & G. road. We are glad that they realized the determination of the people, and offered the proposition above referred to. They still insist upon their right to fight future attempts to make them pay tax. That reservation will not avail them for, if necessary, the Investigating Committee could and would be made a perpetual body.

But we believe that there will be no necessity, and that the authorities of this road, always clever and affable in their dealings with their patrons, will submit to the situation and pay the assessed tax in the future without objection.

We have not space to day to speak further of the labors of the committee and the services those of its members who BELIEVED IN ITS WORK have rendered the State. To SENATOR AYCOCK, the author of the resolution, the people owe a debt of gratitude that they cannot pay, and the same is true of MESSRS. CARTER, HOLMAN and SUTTON, who composed the House branch of the committee. Later we shall refer more at length to the work of the committee, and compute its value to the tax-payers of North Carolina. We rejoice that we have such wise and patriotic citizens. At the sacrifice of their private business, they have given their time to the people and to the people's cause. Their services will not be forgotten.

### Debate Between the Literary Societies.

(Special to STATE CHRONICLE.)

TRINITY COLLEGE, N. C., April 22.—A public debate between the Hesperian and Columbian societies took place on the night of the 18th.

The afternoon was devoted to athletic exercises. The following varied programme took place:

Hundred yards dash; winner, T. C. Daniels, time, 10 1/2 seconds. High jump; winner, R. L. Durham, height, five feet three inches. Three-legged race; distance, 100 yards, time 12 seconds. Hurdle race; 140 yards, winner, Fearington, time, twenty seconds. Tug of war between different classes. Winner, Junior Class. High kick. Tie between Fearington and La Bar. Height, eight feet, six inches. Poll vaulting. Tie between Armoud, Harper and Daniels. Height, nine feet.

At 8 o'clock the contest between the two societies opened with orations by A. H. White, Hesperian, and W. B. Lee, Columbian. The question was: Resolved, that the annexation of Canada to the United States would be materially beneficial.

The Hesperians had the affirmative side of the question, and were represented by Messrs. Massey, Crowell and Branson. The Columbians were represented by Messrs. Durham, Crawford and Turner. The question was decided by the audience by a vote of 87 to 18. The music was furnished by the Trinity Glee Club.

### A BURGLAR CONFESSES

And Saves His Brother from a Felon's Cell.

(By United Press.)

NEW YORK, April 22.—In the court of general sessions yesterday Daniel Finnegan confessed to being guilty of a burglary for which his brother, Henry Finnegan, was tried and convicted last week.

## SENSATION AT THE ALTAR.

### A LETTER ARRIVES JUST IN TIME TO PREVENT A MARRIAGE.

The Would-Be Bride Swears Away-- And the Would-Be Bridegroom, Already Married, Disappears.

SALISBURY, Md., April 22.—Henry Lerelette, a jeweler who formerly resided here, and Miss Victoria Wright were standing at the altar of a church, about to be married, yesterday, when an old lady rushed in and handed the minister a letter, which was read aloud. It proved to be from the wife of Lerelette, who resides with her three children in Mappsburg, Va. When the minister finished reading the letter the would-be bride fell in a swoon, and Lerelette left the church and disappeared.

### THE F. I. L. I.

The Company Withdraws From the State Guard.

(Special to STATE CHRONICLE.)

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., April 22.—The Fayetteville Light Infantry has withdrawn from the State Guard. The reason for so doing was two-fold:

First: To avoid complying with the executive order that all companies in the State Guard should adopt the regulation uniform.

Second: That the company might have the advantages and privileges of chapter 14, of the acts of 1819, which has special reference to the company, and which provides that when a certain number of companies are organized they shall be formed into a corps to be designated the Fayetteville Corps of Artillery and that the same shall be commanded by a major.

The existing law with reference to uniforms does not prevent any company from adopting a special uniform of its own for local purposes, but provides that all companies that shall go into camp at the annual State encampment shall be uniformed alike. The withdrawal of the company from the State Guard will deprive it of the State appropriation for maintaining and keeping up the militia.

The company is one of the oldest and most noted for excellence in the State, and during the past century the F. I. L. I. has, time and again, given North Carolina reason to be proud of her militia.

### THE SECRET LODGE SYSTEM.

It is Being Considered by a Big Convention in Chicago--Some Results of the System Recited.

(By United Press.)

CHICAGO, April 22.—A national convention to consider the secret lodge system opened in West Madison hall at noon to day. Prof. Henry King, of Oberlin college, presiding. A large number of delegates are in attendance. The opening hour was occupied with devotional exercises. The convention has been called because, to quote one of its promoters, "during the past year events of national importance have fixed the attention of the people as never before upon the extent and power of the secret lodge system. The Cronin murder in Chicago, the investigation of the Mormon oaths in Salt Lake City, and uprising against Jesuit intrigue in Boston and the British provinces, have been a new revelation to multitudes of the danger lurking in this system."

### TELEGRAPHIC FLASHES.

(By United Press.)

WASHINGTON, April 22.—The President sent to the Senate to-day the nomination of John C. Fremont, of New York, to be a major general, U. S. army, on the retired list.

BERNE, April 22.—All the members of the Cantonal government of Ticino have resigned. Their action was induced by embarrassments resulting from the malfeasance of the Treasurer of the Canton, who is charged with the embezzlement of 1,000,000 francs.

MOBILE, Ark., April 22.—Jay Gould's special train, en route to Fort Smith, was derailed here yesterday afternoon. No damage was done.

NAPLES, April 22.—M. Magliani, former minister of finance, in a speech yesterday on the financial condition of Italy, declared that the deficit in the budget for the current year would be 70,000,000 lyre.

### NAVAL AFFAIRS.

The Baltimore Ordered to Sea on Her Trial Trip.

(By United Press.)

WASHINGTON, April 22.—Orders have been issued at the navy department directing that the U. S. steamer, Baltimore, now at Norfolk, proceed to sea on Saturday next on her inspection trip. She will remain at sea several days, and on May 10 she will arrive at Baltimore, Md., where a celebration in her honor will be given by the city authorities. The Baltimore is now fully manned and equipped, with the exception of having on board two of her complement of four eight inch guns.

### THEY CAN'T COME IN.

Chinese not Admitted to the U. S.-- Unless They Come as Tourists.

(By United Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 22.—The Treasury department has declined to allow the wife and four children of Mr. Quong Lee, a Chinese resident of this country, to land in the country, holding that the law excludes them unless a certificate is presented from the Chinese government that they are simply tourists, and will, after seeing this country, return to China.

## A RAILWAY FIGHT.

### Yesterday's Great Sensation at Durham--More Developments Expected.

CHRONICLE BUREAU,

DURHAM, N. C., April 22, 1890.

The fight between the Richmond & Danville and the Durham & Northern railroads has occupied the attention of our people to-day. The battle-ground, which is in front of Z. I. Lyon's factory, has been crowded with spectators since dawn. Two attempts were made by the Richmond & Danville party early this morning to tear up the iron of the Durham & Northern. Both times the leaders were arrested. They were tried before his Honor, Mayor Christian, at 10 o'clock. He decided that they could not molest the track which was situated on Peabody street, because the street belongs to the town, and the town granted the right-of-way to the Durham & Northern.

The R. & D. authorities then repaired to the point where the D. & N. track comes into Peabody street. This point was promptly covered by box cars and flais by the D. & N. men.

Since then the object of the R. & D. parties seems to be to connect with their opponent's line, and by running one of their engines over, remove the offending cars. They are now busily engaged in making false works, over which they intend to run their tracks. The end of the fight will probably come to-night. The town is very much excited, and great anxiety is evinced as to what will be the end of the fight.

The meeting in the Y. M. C. A. rooms was called to reorganize the Commonwealth club. The following officers were elected: J. S. Carr, president; W. W. Fuller, first vice-president; B. L. Dulise, second vice-president; R. E. Lyon, treasurer; F. L. Fuller, secretary; S. T. Morgan, corresponding secretary. Next Monday night was appointed for the first regular meeting.

A german will be given this evening at the Hotel Claiborne, complimentary to the visiting young ladies.

Since Saturday the sales made by Ballard & Halliburton have footed up \$22,000.

Invitations are out to the marriage of Mr. Oscar T. Smith, of this place, to Miss Edora Bradshaw, of Manchester, Va.

A \$3,000 organ has been ordered for Trinity church. It will be placed in the church as soon as the organ builders can get it ready. Dr. Yates says that taking the present choir, with its talented leader, Miss Southgate, together with such an organ, Trinity will have the best sacred music he has ever heard. The church is also taking steps toward building a new parsonage.

### PERSONALS.

Misses Mary Kerr and Sadie Bingham came down on the noon train to-day.

Capt. Benneham Cameron is in town. Mr. F. H. Basbee, of Raleigh, came up this morning.

### OUTRAGES IN PERSON.

Moonshiners Supposed to be the Perpetrators--A Store Broken Open and a Still Worn Carried Off.

(Special Cor. STATE CHRONICLE.)

ROXBORO, N. C., April 21.—The readers of the CHRONICLE have been apprised of a series of outrages perpetrated in Person by a party of masked men, supposed to be moonshiners. The third outrage was committed this morning before day, when the store of Mr. J. D. Jones, of Hurdles' Mills, Person county, was forcibly entered by a party of disguised men. They were after a still worn, supposed to be worth about \$25, which had been deposited with Mr. Jones a few days before for safe keeping by the revenue officers. They were fully armed and were sufficient to overcome Mr. Parrot, a young man who was sleeping in the store. They seized the worn and made their way off through the darkness amid a volley of shots exchanged between Mr. Parrot and the moonshiners. It will be remembered that their last misdeed was forcibly entering the jail at Roxboro and recapturing fifteen gallons of whiskey deposited there by the revenue officers.

### U. S. COURT INVESTIGATION.

A Congressional Committee Coming South--To Look into Supposed Irregularities in the U. S. Courts.

(By United Press.)

WASHINGTON, April 22.—The subcommittee of the House judiciary committee appointed to investigate the alleged irregularities existing in the U. S. courts in Alabama and Georgia will leave Washington to-night for Atlanta, where the investigation will begin. The sub-committee will go thence to Mobile, Montgomery, Birmingham and Knoxville, Tenn.

### POST OFFICE MONEY.

\$72,450,982 Appropriated for the Next Year.

(By United Press.)

WASHINGTON, April 22.—The post office appropriation bill was finished by the House committee on post offices and post roads to-day. It carries an appropriation of \$72,450,982, being but a few thousand dollars more than the estimate submitted by the department, and being \$5,845,638 more than the appropriation for the current fiscal year.

### THE WORLD'S FAIR BILL GOES TO THE PRESIDENT.

(By United Press.)

WASHINGTON, April 22.—The House has concurred in the Senate amendments to the World's Fair bill, and the bill, having passed both houses, goes to the President for action.

## A COMPROMISE.

### THE STATE AND THE R. & G. ROAD REACH AN AGREEMENT.

By Which the Railroad Pays \$15,000 in Taxes--and the Investigation of the Road's Affairs Ceases.

The investigation committee met to continue its work yesterday. It was intended to resume the investigation of the Raleigh & Gaston railroad company, but when the committee was called to order the Attorney-General stated that he was ready to propose a compromise on behalf of the Raleigh & Gaston road. It has already been stated that there was pending in the Wake Superior court a suit brought by State Treasurer Bain against the road for the recovery of \$86,500, which the State claimed was the amount due from the road for taxes for the years between 1867 and 1890. Soon after the suit was brought the State proposed a compromise settlement which was at the time declined by the road.

But the Attorney-General stated to the committee that the road was now ready to agree to the settlement proposed by the State, under certain conditions.

The proposition, he said, was ready to be submitted to the committee for consideration.

The committee at once went into secret session and deliberated with closed doors till four o'clock in the afternoon, when the doors opened and the committee announced that they had approved the proposition of the company.

The proposition was made a matter of record in the Superior court yesterday afternoon, and the following is a copy:

"At this, April term of said court, by consent, this action is compromised on the following terms: The railroad company agrees that judgment may be entered in favor of the State for the sum of fifteen thousand dollars, being the amount levied and assessed upon the capital stock of the company for the fiscal years 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889.

"The State accepts this sum in satisfaction of all taxes due on said stock up to and inclusive of the fiscal year 1889.

"But nothing in this compromise or the judgment to be entered thereon shall be construed to estop or prejudice in any manner the company from denying its liability for the tax on the capital stock aforesaid, for future years.

"It is thereupon ordered and adjudged by the court that the State recover of the company the sum of fifteen thousand dollars, with interest from the first day of this term, together with costs and disbursements."

The official document does not so state, but it was agreed when the proposition was laid before the committee, that if it should be accepted, the investigation of the company's affairs should cease; and Col. J. W. Hinsdale, attorney for the company, stated that if the investigation was to be continued the compromise proposition would be withdrawn.

The agreement by the Attorney-General on the part of the State, and the decision of the committee to accept and approve the proposition, put an end to both the suit and the investigation.

The compromise carries with it the provision that the railroad company shall assume all the costs, fees, &c., of the suit and investigation.

The consideration of this matter occupied the entire session of the board yesterday.

It will meet again this morning and outline the work which will be taken up by the committee at a meeting to be held in June next.

It is probable that the present session of the committee will end to-day.

### The Georgia Company.

Judge D. Schenck, of Greensboro, was called before the board on Monday and questioned with reference to the Georgia company which was organized and located at High Point in 1887. He gave a history of the organization of the company, but said at this time he did not know a stockholder or an officer of the company. He said he knew of no property the company owned. The only tangible property the company ever had was its office furniture at High Point. He stated that while he was attorney for the company, it had \$308,000 in solvent credits, which he had thought was the only taxable property the company held in this State, and he had offered to pay tax to the amount of about \$5,000 on that property. But the board of county commissioners levied on property which had been conveyed by the Georgia company to the Central Trust Company of New York, and claimed \$31,000 from the Georgia company. The commissioners doubled this tax making it \$62,000. As attorney for the company he regarded this tax as exorbitant and unjust. He also thought it was time for the company to get out of North Carolina and he advised the company not to pay the tax. This is the last he had ever heard of the taxes or knew of the company. Judge Schenck expressed the opinion that the Georgia company never had any connection with the Richmond & Danville railroad company but did not state this opinion officially.

### REAL ESTATE BOOM.

"Whooping Her Up" in Carnegie City. Town Lots Selling High.

(By United Press.)

CARNEGIE CITY, Va., April 22.—The first sale of lots in Carnegie City, the Virginia iron town, named in honor of Andrew Carnegie, took place to-day. The largest body of capitalists ever assembled at a similar sale in Virginia were present. Every business and resident lot offered was taken at prices largely in excess of the company's listed prices. Buyers are still taking lots at private sale. The public sales aggregated one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, thus enabling the company to declare a dividend on the total sales nearly double the original price paid for the entire property, nine-tenths of which the company still holds.

### SULLIVAN-JACKSON.

The Sluggers to be Matched for \$20,000 a Side.

(By United Press.)

SAN FRANCISCO, April 22.—At the meeting last night of the members of the California Athletic Club an informal decision was reached to match Sullivan and Jackson for a purse of \$20,000. No agreement when the fight will take place was reached.

### The Chronicle Goes Everywhere, and It Goes Quick.

(Rev. Jno. R. Brooks, D. D., in Advocate.)

My good Scotch friend, Mr. Frank Reynolds, of Ayr, a postoffice twelve miles west of Ruthersford, and as far from the railroad, gets his DAILY STATE CHRONICLE by breakfast on the morning after it is issued in Raleigh.

## THE SCALES FROM HIS EYES.

### A Former Philadelphia Republican Now Wants to Kill Ingalls, Give Filler Some Horse Talk and Move South.

(Salisbury Watchman.)

A citizen of Salisbury drifted into a conversation with a fellow passenger on a R. & D. train lately and was entertained. The passenger was a Philadelphia physician, a former Republican and ultra red shirtist, a follower of Filler and a believer in Ingalls. It seems that his physical condition this winter presented him two alternatives. One of them was rest in the Southern climate and the other the narrow house. Hesitating between two reputed evils, he finally chose the former and went to spend some weeks in Lancaster, S. C. He was now returning refreshed and strengthened. Moreover, he had accumulated a store of useful information.

Said he, "I was almost afraid to go, so thoroughly was I indoctrinated with the bitter creed of bloody shirtism. After I had gotten there, and when next day a local physician found me out and called on me, I was disposed to be efficient. When he invited me to a drive that afternoon I was at first surprised and then delighted over the pleasing nature of the result. When he asked me to tea the next evening I was eager to go. I wanted to see the high-class Southerner at home. Later, when house after house was opened to me, in the way of an easy hospitality hitherto unknown to me, I was divided between the feeling of grateful surprise and chagrin and contrition because of my former feelings toward the South. Finally I bought a home down there and I am now going North to do two things. First, I am going to give Filler's people some plain talk about the venomous campaign falsehoods they made me believe, and then I am going to move my family down to that green country where people live."

"Two months ago," he continued, "I applauded the speech of the Kansas Jay hawker, and now I feel that if he were to meet with a sudden removal by my hands the country would be better off."

### SUPREME COURT.

The following cases were argued yesterday:

State vs. Rinehart, from Madison; argued by the attorney general and H. A. Gudger for the State; no counsel contra.

State vs. Bruce, from Buncombe; argued by the attorney general for the State, and H. A. Gudger and V. S. Lusk for defendant.

State vs. Hunter, from Buncombe; argued by the attorney general for the State, and G. A. Stanford for defendant. Appeals will be called next Monday as follows:

First District—Pritchard vs. Baxter, Whitehurst vs. Pettipher.

Second District—Grant vs. Goebel, Bryan vs. Spivey, Young vs. Telegraph Company, Pittman vs. Pittman, Applegarth vs. Tillery, Hornthall vs. Steamboat Company, Dowd vs. Watson, Hahn vs. Smith, Tucker vs. Wilkins, Booth vs. Carstarphen, Booth vs. Grant.

Third District—Whitehead vs. Walker, Mooring vs. Little, Town of Henderson vs. Davis, Clarke vs. Roush, Perry vs. Young, Bobbitt vs. Jones.

Fourth District—Lassiter vs. Upchurch.

Fifth District—State vs. Pritchett, Leonard vs. Leonard, Jones vs. Commissioner, Herndon vs. Insurance Co. State vs. Harris, Follette vs. Blackwell, Greensboro vs. Hodgkin, (Plaintiff's Appeal), Greensboro vs. Hodgkin, (Defendant's Appeal), Lambert vs. Gardner.

Sixth District—Sneedon vs. Harris, Puffer vs. Lucas, Puffer vs. Lucas, Hart vs. Hart.

Seventh District—State vs. Oxendine, State vs. Brackville, Williams vs. Walker, Everett vs. Williamson, Hagins vs. Railroad, Wadesboro vs. Atkinson, Rose vs. Railroad, Wooten vs. Fremont, Gilchrist vs. Middleton, Leak vs. Gay (Spencer's Appeal), Leak vs. Gay (Gay's Appeal), Jones vs. Commissioners.

Appeals from the other districts were disposed of. Those from the 12th are now being called, and some of them may go over to the end of the docket.